POPOLICH OF
BOROUGH OF ELIZABETHTOWN
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

Year Ended December 31, 2009

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Financial Statements with Supplementary Information

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Borough Council Borough of Elizabethtown Elizabethtown, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Borough of Elizabethtown** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise the Borough's basic primary government financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Borough's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these primary government financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, the Borough's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the **Borough of Elizabethtown**, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the Borough's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the Borough's legally separate component unit, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the Borough's primary government. As a result, the primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of the **Borough of Elizabethtown** as of December 31, 2009, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of the **Borough of Elizabethtown** as of December 31, 2009, and for the year then ended in conformity with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 14, the budgetary comparison information on pages 52 and 53, and the schedules of pension plan funding progress and employer contributions on pages 54 and 55 are not a required part of the basic primary government financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2010, on our consideration of the **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance with the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Borough of Elizabethtown's** basic primary government financial statements. The schedule of combining nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of indebtedness, and schedule of real estate taxes are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

January 29, 2010 Lancaster, Pennsylvania TROUT, EBERSOLE & GROFF, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Trout, Elersole & Groff, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS Year Ended December 31, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The financial management team of **Elizabethtown Borough** offers readers of the Borough's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance the understanding of the Borough's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

The following information highlights the most significant activity within the Borough's financial position over the last year. Though not intended to be all-inclusive, this information provides a snapshot of the most important factors in the Borough's financial position for the previous fiscal year:

- The assets of the Borough exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,447,622 (net assets). Of this amount, \$4,412,786 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Borough's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Borough's total net assets increased by \$512,537.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Borough's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,213,515, a decrease of \$70,560, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 97.1 percent of this total amount, or \$1,178,679, is available for spending at the Borough's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$343,932, or 6.3 percent of the total fund expenditures.
- The Borough had \$7,161,267 in debt outstanding versus \$7,163,557 last year, or a decrease of .03 percent.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Borough's basic financial statements. The Borough's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of **Elizabethtown Borough's** finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2009

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Borough's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over a period of years, increases and decreases in the net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Borough is improving or declining.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Borough's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are recorded using the cash basis of accounting.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Borough that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Borough include general government, public safety, economic development, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of **Elizabethtown Borough** include sewer. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. **Elizabethtown Borough**, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Borough can be divided into these categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Borough maintains individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, park and recreation fund, capital reserve fund, and general vehicle sinking fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The Borough adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and parks and recreation fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and parks and recreation fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 20 through 21 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Elizabethtown Borough maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The Borough uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer operations. The sewer fund is considered to be a major fund of the Borough.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 and 24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Borough's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 51 of this report.

Other Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report also presents certain required supplementary information.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the basic financial statements as other supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 57 through 63 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of **Elizabethtown Borough**, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,447,622 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

The balance of unrestricted net assets, \$4,412,786, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Borough is able to report positive balances in two categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole as well as its separate business-type activities.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Borough's net assets for 2009 compared to 2008:

(Table 1) Net Assets - Cash Basis

		nmental vities		ess-Type ivities	Total			
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Assets								
Current Assets	2,326,275	2,269,024	2,121,347	1,666,061	4,447,622	3,935,085		
Liabilities								
Total Liabilities	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-		
Net Assets								
Restricted	34,836	34,554	-0-	-0-	34,836	34,554		
Unrestricted	2,291,439	2,234,470	2,121,347	1,666,061	4,412,786	3,900,531		
Total Net Assets	2,326,275	2,269,024	2,121,347	1,666,061	4,447,622	3,935,085		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS

(Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

(Table 2) Changes in Net Assets - Cash Basis

	2009	2008	2009	2008		
	Governmental	Governmental	Business-Type	Business-Type	2009	2008
Revenues	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	909,768	905,257	2,176,929	2,213,297	3,086,697	3,118,554
Operating Grants and Contributions	257,191	275,477	-0-	-0-	257,191	275,477
Capital Grants and Contributions	978,450	1,020,818	-0-	-0-	978,450	1,020,818
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes, Levied for General						
Purposes, Net	1,901,180	1,712,677	-0-	-0-	1,901,180	1,712,677
Public Utility Realty, Earned Income,						
Emergency Management and Realty Transfer						
Taxes, Net	1,328,753	1,483,283	-0-	-0-	1,328,753	1,483,283
Cable Television Franchise Fee	124,575	115,310	-0-	-0-	124,575	115,310
Investment Earnings	8,445	25,062	11,707	22,234	20,152	47,296
Sale of Fixed Assets	23,351	112,025	-0-	-0-	23,351	112,025
Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures	85,342	73,098	34,512	9,152	119,854	82,250
Transfer from EAPA	856,577	402,652	-0-	7,660	856,577	410,312
Redemption of Lease Rental Debt	(526,334)				(526,334)	
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	1,102,635				1,102,635	
Other Revenue	19,916	8,669	358,485	-0-	378,401	8,669
Total Revenues	7,069,849	6,134,328	2,581,633	2,252,343	9,651,482	8,386,671
Expenses						
General Government	515,878	481,117	-0-	-0-	515,878	481,117
Public Safety	2,365,588	2,297,582	-0-	-0-	2,365,588	2,297,582
Public Works	2,007,888	2,207,492	2,126,347	2,046,426	4,134,235	4,253,918
Culture and Recreation	346,591	335,976	-0-	-0-	346,591	335,976
Community Development	1,402,215	677,541	-0-	-0-	1,402,215	677,541
Debt Service - Principal	343,590	275,030	-0-	-0-	343,590	275,030
Debt Service - Interest	30,848	29,497	-0-	-0-	30,848	29,497
Total Expenses	7,012,598	6,304,235	2,126,347	2,046,426	9,138,945	8,350,661
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	57,251	(169,907)	455,286	205,917	512,537	36,010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2009

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

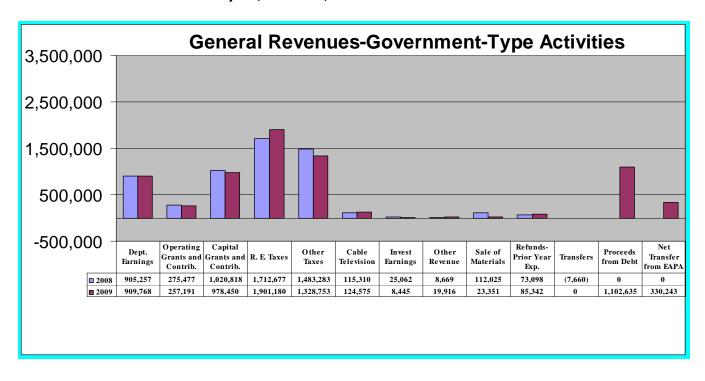
Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased **Elizabethtown Borough's** net assets by \$57,251. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Proceeds of \$330,243 were received from the Elizabethtown Area Park Authority for the sale of the Beverly Road property after the 2002 Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority debt was paid in full.
- Insurance refunds to the General Fund of \$52,059, exceeded the budgeted amount.
- Cable television franchise fees increased by \$9,266.
- The earned income tax revenue received in 2009 was \$104,191 less than the amount budgeted for the year.
- The Borough received \$263,083 of AARA funding reimbursement in 2009 toward \$679,134 in contractor expenses for the Elizabethtown Intermodal Transportation Center project.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2009

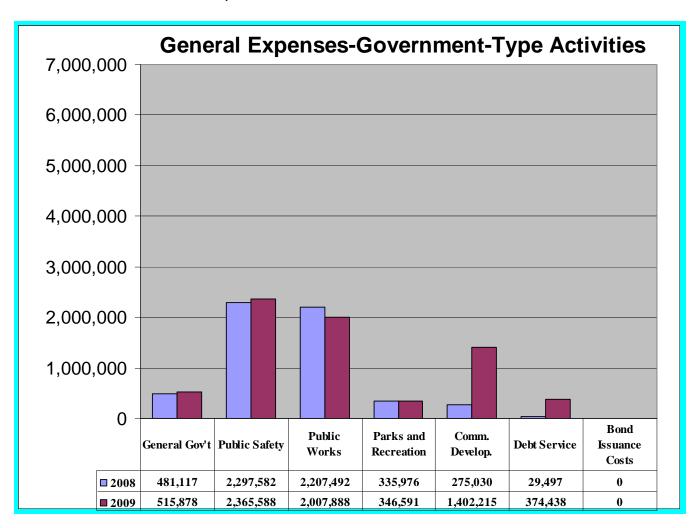
Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)



Business-Type Activities

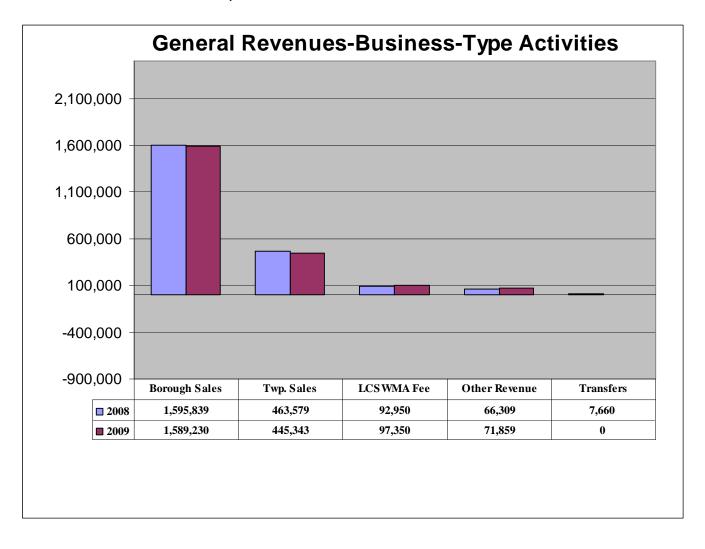
Business-type activities increased the Borough's net assets by \$455,286. Key elements of the total increase are as follows:

- Received \$358,485, the balance of the reimbursement from the West Donegal Township Authority, for the 2002 plant upgrade and expansion project.
- Received \$34,029 in insurance refunds from the workers compensation insurance municipal trust.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

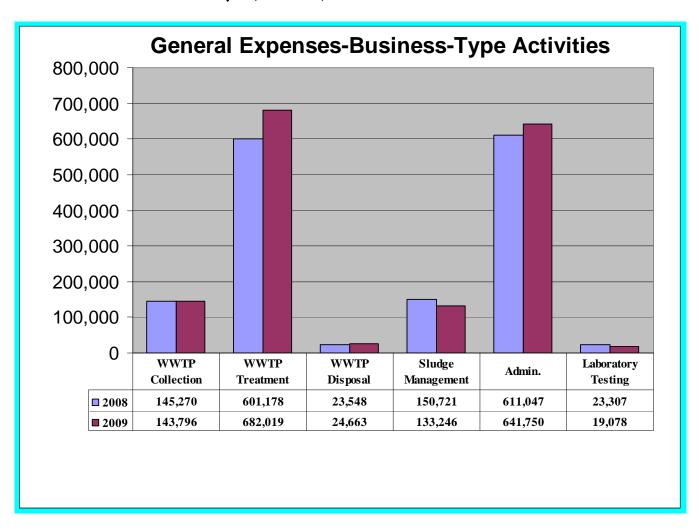
Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Borough uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Borough's governmental funds is to provide information on inflow, outflow, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Borough's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Borough's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,213,515, a decrease of \$70,560 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 97.1 percent of this total amount, or \$1,178,679, constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay debt service in the amount of \$34,836.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (Continued)

The general fund is the main operating fund of the Borough. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance in the general fund was \$343,932. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 6.3 percent of total general fund expenditures. Key factors in the performance of the general fund are as follows:

- Cable television franchise fees exceeded the budgeted amount by \$9,266 for the year.
- Trash and recycling fees billed to trash customers add \$533,568 to the general fund, \$12,568 over the budgeted amount.
- Fees for contracted services added \$121,919 to the general fund for arrangements between the Borough and the Elizabethtown Area Water Authority and the Elizabethtown Area School District, and regional police departments, \$3,349 more than budgeted.
- Earned income tax revenue was \$104,191 less than budgeted in 2009.
- The costs for the major medical health insurance plan was \$14,994 more then budgeted.

Proprietary Funds

The Borough's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the sewer operation at the end of the year amounted to \$2,121,347. The total increase in the net assets was \$455,286. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Borough's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

No changes were made during the fiscal year to the original budget adopted by Borough Council for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009.

For the year, general fund revenues exceeded the budget by 18.0 percent. Correspondingly, the cost of general government for the recently completed fiscal year exceeded the budget by 10.8 percent.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Borough is in the enviable position of having a broad base of residential, commercial, institutional, and industrial properties within its corporate limits. This allows the Borough to withstand sudden economic upturns or downturns from year to year. Highlights for the next fiscal year include:

- The hiring of an additional full-time police officer which will raise the total number of sworn officers within the police department to seventeen.
- Electric rates for the non-street lighting Borough accounts are stabilized for a three year period under a contract with Constellation New Energy, electricity provider. Electric charges for street lighting are to be stabilized with the planned purchase of the street lights from PPL Electric and a reclassification of the PUC-approved rate.
- Increased expenses for trash disposal fees by the county have been offset by a decrease in trash and recycling collection unit fees by the contracted hauler.
- A number of federal, state and county grants have been awarded to the Borough for several capital improvement projects in 2010 including renovation of the train station, construction of an ADA compliant restroom in Community Park, renovations to Center Square, installation of pedestrian pathways downtown, and construction of West College Avenue Phase II.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances for **Elizabethtown Borough** for any interested person(s) or parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Borough Manager, Elizabethtown Borough, 600 S. Hanover Street, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Borough of Elizabethtown
STATEMENT of NET ASSETS - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

		vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$</u>	2,326,275	<u>\$</u>	2,121,347	<u>\$</u>	4,447,622
LIABILITIES		-0-		-0-		-0-
NET ASSETS Restricted Unrestricted		34,836 2,291,439		2,121,347		34,836 4,412,786
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	2,326,275	\$	2,121,347	\$	4,447,622

STATEMENT of ACTIVITIES - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net Revenue (Expense) and
Program Revenues

Changes in Net Assets

Frogram Revenues Chan							anges	iges in Net Assets					
				Charges	Operating		Capital			B	ısiness-		
				for	Grants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental		Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions	Coı	ntributions		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$	515,878			15,202			\$	(500,676)			\$	(500,676)
Public Safety		2,365,588		279,983	186,507				(1,899,098)				(1,899,098)
Public Works		2,007,888		622,234	45,347		220,534		(1,119,773)				(1,119,773)
Culture and Recreation		346,591		7,551	10,135				(328,905)				(328,905)
Community Development		1,402,215					757,916		(644,299)				(644,299)
Debt Service - Principal		343,590							(343,590)				(343,590)
Debt Service - Interest	<u></u>	30,848							(30,848)				(30,848)
Total Governmental Activities		7,012,598		909,768	257,191		978,450		(4,867,189)		-0-		(4,867,189)
Business-Type Activities:													
Sewer Operations		2,126,347		2,176,929							50,582		50,582
Total Primary Government	\$	9,138,945	\$	3,086,697	\$ 257,191	\$	978,450	\$	(4,867,189)	\$	50,582	\$	(4,816,607)

STATEMENT of ACTIVITIES - Cash Basis (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

			Program Revenue	s	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets					
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Business-				
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General										
Purposes, net					\$ 1,901,180		\$ 1,901,180			
Public Utility Realty, Earned Income, Emergence	су									
Management, and Realty Transfer Taxes, net					1,328,753		1,328,753			
Cable Television Franchise Fee					124,575		124,575			
Investment Earnings					8,445	11,707	20,152			
Sale of Fixed Assets					23,351		23,351			
Other Income					19,916		19,916			
Special Items, Extraordinary Items, and Transfers:										
Transfer from Elizabethtown Area Park Authority					856,577		856,577			
Reimbursement of Prior Year Sewer Plant Construc	tion Costs					358,485	358,485			
Redemption of Lease Rental Debt					(526,334)		(526,334)			
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt					1,102,635		1,102,635			
Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures					85,342	34,512	119,854			
Total General Revenues										
and Transfers					4,924,440	404,704	5,329,144			
CHANGES in NET ASSETS					57,251	455,286	512,537			
NET ASSETS										
Beginning					2,269,024	1,666,061	3,935,085			
Ending					\$ 2,326,275	\$ 2,121,347	\$ 4,447,622			

See notes to financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

Major Funds

General Vehicle Capital Total Park and General Reserve Recreation Sinking Governmental Other Fund Fund Fund Fund **Funds Funds ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents 343,932 150,186 375,987 205,788 137,622 1,213,515 LIABILITIES and FUND **BALANCES** LIABILITIES -0--0--0--0--0--0-**FUND BALANCES** Reserve for Debt Service 34,836 34,836 Unreserved - Undesignated: 343,932 343,932 General Fund Special Revenue Funds 375,987 102,786 478,773

150,186

150,186

150,186

375,987

375,987

343,932

343,932

205,788

205,788

205,788

137,622

137,622

355,974

1,213,515

1,213,515

Capital Projects Funds

TOTAL FUND BALANCES

TOTAL LIABILITIES and FUND BALANCES

RECONCILIATION of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET to the STATEMENT of NET ASSETS December 31, 2009

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 1,213,515

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

1,112,760

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

2,326,275

STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

Major Funds

			Major F	unas				
	General		Capital Reserve	Park and Recreation	General Vehicle Sinking	Other	Go	Total overnmental
D-7		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds		Funds
REVENUES		0.00= 444						0.00= 4.44
Taxes	\$	3,225,441					\$	3,225,441
Licenses and Permits		150,640						150,640
Fines and Forfeits		46,250						46,250
Interest, Rents, and Royalties		14,653	1,658	452	835	957		18,555
Intergovernmental		651,516	368,083			220,534		1,240,133
Charges for Service		840,338	3,681					844,019
Miscellaneous				1,200		2,040		3,240
Total Revenues		4,928,838	373,422	1,652	835	223,531		5,528,278
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		395,021	44,123					439,144
Public Safety		1,687,205	27,487		22,633	1,188		1,738,513
Public Works		1,110,154	147,707			626,549		1,884,410
Culture and Recreation		294,505	2,500	2,563				299,568
Community Development		454,955	949,660					1,404,615
Debt Service - Principal		526,333	343,591			235,000		1,104,924
Debt Service - Interest		13,998	4,082			259,063		277,143
Insurance, Pension, and Other Benefits		999,721						999,721
Total Expenditures		5,481,892	1,519,150	2,563	22,633	1,121,800		8,148,038
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) of								
REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	\$	(553,054)	\$ (1,145,728)	\$ (911)	\$ (21,798)	\$ (898,269)	\$	(2,619,760)

STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES -

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Cash Basis

(Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2009

Major Funds

			,						
	-	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	Park and Recreation Fund	General Vehicle Sinking Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)									
Refunds of Prior Year									
Expenditures	\$	85,342					\$ 85,342		
Sale of Assets		23,351					23,351		
Transfer from Elizabethtown Area									
Park Authority		529,250		327,327			856,577		
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt		•	679,135	•		423,500	1,102,635		
Interfund Transfers		(52,768)			40,000	494,063	481,295		
Net Other Financing									
Sources		585,175	679,135	327,327	40,000	917,563	2,549,200		
NET CHANGES in									
FUND BALANCES		32,121	(466,593)	326,416	18,202	19,294	(70,560)		
FUND BALANCES									
Beginning		311,811	616,779	49,571	187,586	118,328	1,284,075		
Ending	\$	343,932	150,186	\$ 375,987	\$ 205,788	\$ 137,622	\$ 1,213,515		

RECONCILIATION of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES
to the STATEMENT of ACTIVITIES
Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (70,560)

The internal service funds, which are used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds, are not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue of the internal service funds is allocated among the governmental activities.

127,811

CHANGES in NET ASSETS of GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 57,251

STATEMENT of NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

	I	Enterprise Funds				
	N	Iajor Fund	•	_		
A COTTO		Sewer Fund		Internal Service Fund		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$</u>	2,121,347	\$	1,112,760	<u>\$</u>	3,234,107
LIABILITIES	_	-0-		-0-		-0-
NET ASSETS - Unrestricted	\$	2,121,347	\$	1,112,760	\$	3,234,107

STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENSES, and CHANGES in NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Cash Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Enterprise Fund Major Fund Sewer Fund		_			
			-	Internal Service Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Service	\$	2,166,679	\$	25,462	\$	2,192,141
Charges for Service	Ψ	2,100,079	Ф	23,402	Ψ	2,172,141
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Collection and Transmission		143,796				143,796
Wastewater Treatment		682,019				682,019
Wastewater Disposal		24,663				24,663
Sludge Management		133,246				133,246
Laboratory and Testing		19,078				19,078
General, Administrative, Customer Service,						
and Other		641,750		10,583		652,333
Total Operating Expenses		1,644,552		10,583		1,655,135
OPERATING INCOME		522,127		14,879		537,006
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment Earnings		11,707		6,101		17,808
Special Assessments		10,250				10,250
Reimbursement of Prior Year Expenses		358,485				358,485
Debt Service Transfer		(481,295)				(481,295)
Debt Service Fees		(500)				(500)
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		34,512		106,831		141,343
Total Nonoperating						
Revenues (Expenses)		(66,841)		112,932		46,091
CHANGES in NET ASSETS		455,286		127,811		583,097
NET ASSETS						
Beginning		1,666,061		984,949		2,651,010
Ending	\$	2,121,347	\$	1,112,760	\$	3,234,107

STATEMENT of NET ASSETS -FIDUCIARY FUNDS - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

ASSETS	Pension Trust Funds		Agency Funds	
186216				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -0-	\$	26,581	
Investments (at Fair Value):				
Federated Governmental Obligation				
Money Market Fund	183,547			
Fixed Income Securities	1,966,718			
Governmental Obligations	2,143,016			
Mutual Funds and Pooled Separate Funds	 2,507,997			
TOTAL ASSETS	 6,801,278	_	26,581	
LIABILITIES				
Due to Developers	-0-		14,582	
Other Current Liabilities	 -0-	_	11,999	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 -0-	_	26,581	
NET ASSETS - Restricted	\$ 6,801,278	\$	-0-	

STATEMENT of CHANGES in NET ASSETS -FIDUCIARY FUNDS - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Pension Trust Funds
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Commonwealth	\$ 168,913
Employer	218,793
Employee	120,111
	507,817
Investment Earnings	601,589
Total Additions	1,109,406
DEDUCTIONS	
Administrative Expenses	46,971
Retirement Benefits	102,532
Total Deductions	149,503
CHANGES in NET ASSETS	959,903
NET ASSETS - Restricted	
Beginning	5,841,375
Ending	\$ 6,801,278

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The **Borough of Elizabethtown** was incorporated in 1827 and is a council/manager form of government. Borough Council is composed of six members, two from each of three wards, who serve four-year terms. The Borough also has a mayor who is elected at large and serves a four-year term.

The Borough is a full service municipality with a 4.5 million gallon daily wastewater treatment facility. The Borough encompasses greater than 40 miles of roads and employs 15 full-time police officers. The Borough has three municipal parks totaling 39 acres and a volunteer fire company.

The Borough provides sewer, zoning, code enforcement, police, trash/recycling, street, and parks services to approximately 11,900 residents in approximately 4,200 households.

The following is a summary of the Borough's significant accounting principles:

Reporting Entity

Consistent with guidance contained in Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the criteria used by the Borough to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (Authorities, Boards, Councils, and so forth) within its reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. In determining financial accountability in a given case, the Borough reviews the applicability of the following criteria:

The Borough is financially accountable for:

- 1. Organizations that make up its legal entity.
- 2. Legally separate organizations if Borough officials appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the Borough is able to impose its will on the organization or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on, the Borough as defined below.

Impose its Will - If the Borough can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization.

Financial Benefit or Burden - If the Borough (1) is entitled to the organization's resources or (2) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization or (3) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

3. Organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Borough. Fiscal dependency is established if the organization is unable to adopt its own budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without the approval of the Borough.

Based on the foregoing criteria, no additional entities are included in the accompanying primary government financial statements.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

These financial statements include only the activity of the primary government, **Borough of Elizabethtown**, and do not include the activity of its component unit, Elizabethtown Industrial Development Authority.

Elizabethtown Industrial Development Authority

The Elizabethtown Industrial Development Authority (the Authority), an entity legally separate from the Borough, is governed by a five-member board, appointed by the Borough Council. The Authority was organized to: 1) serve as an economic development authority fulfilling the purposes of the Economic Development Financing Law (the Law); 2) acquire, hold, construct, improve, maintain, own, finance, and lease projects as defined in the Law; 3) be a leading organization for promoting economic development of the Borough; 4) enhance the economic development of the Borough and promote and assist in the growth and development of business and industry within the Borough, including small business concerns; 5) assist in the development of projects, as such term is defined in the Law, singly or in cooperation and coordination with federal, state, and local government entities and civic bodies and, to the extent authorized by the Law, private parties, to aid, assist and foster the planning, replanning, development, renewal, redevelopment and improvement of the central business district and the industrial and economic health of the Borough; and 6) work with the Borough and Borough Council for the betterment of the Borough, its residents, and its businesses.

Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the **Borough of Elizabethtown** office at 600 South Hanover Street, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Joint Ventures

Elizabethtown Area Community Services Authority (EACSA)

The Elizabethtown Area Community Services Authority (EACSA) was formed to acquire the Elizabethtown Area Community Center which is located at 70 South Poplar Street in the Borough. The Authority is composed of an eight-member board with two representatives from each of the four surrounding municipalities: **Borough of Elizabethtown**, Conoy Township, Mount Joy Township, and West Donegal Township. The Authority operates the gym, social service agencies, senior center, and school-aged day care. The EACSA is not reported as part of the Borough's reporting entity. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Borough did not make any contributions to EACSA. A copy of EACSA's state filing can be obtained from the **Borough of Elizabethtown** office at 600 South Hanover Street, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Elizabethtown Area Park Authority (EAPA)

The Elizabethtown Area Park Authority (EAPA) was formed to take title of the 166 acre recreational land jointly purchased by **Borough of Elizabethtown**, Mount Joy Township, and West Donegal Township and to develop the site for park and recreation purposes. The Board of EAPA is composed of nine members with three from each of the following entities: **Borough of Elizabethtown**, Mount Joy Township, and West Donegal Township. EAPA is not reported as part of the Borough's reporting entity.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Joint Ventures (Continued)

Elizabethtown Area Park Authority (EAPA) (Continued)

Under an agreement, the Borough is required to make a one-third payment of principal and interest on the 2002 Lease Rental Debt. The park land was sold during 2009. The Borough's share of the sale proceeds was \$856,577 of which \$529,250 was deposited in the general fund and used to pay off the lease rental debt. The remaining proceeds of \$327,327 were deposited into the parks and recreation fund. Complete financial statements for EAPA can be obtained from the Assistant Township Administrator, Mount Joy Township, 159 Merts Drive, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority (EARA)

The Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority (EARA) was formed pursuant to ordinances enacted by the Council of the **Borough of Elizabethtown** and the Boards of Supervisors of Mount Joy Township and West Donegal Township. Presently, EARA's sole function is to act as a conduit financing authority. However, the indentures and respective loan agreements allow for the EARA to assume ownership and operation of all or part of the sewer system if the respective entities approve. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Borough made \$2,000 in contributions to EARA.

The EARA is composed of a nine-member board with three representatives from each of the following three entities: **Borough of Elizabethtown**, Mount Joy Township, and West Donegal Township. The EARA is not reported as part of the Borough's reporting entity.

Complete financial statements for EARA can be obtained from the EARA in care of **Borough of Elizabethtown** at 600 South Hanover Street, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Elizabethtown Area Water Authority (EAWA)

The Elizabethtown Area Water Authority (EAWA) was formed to own, operate, and maintain the water systems of **Borough of Elizabethtown** and West Donegal Township. EAWA was created through the adoption of various ordinances and resolutions between the Borough, West Donegal Township, and the West Donegal Township Authority for the transfer of property, assets, personnel, and inventory to the new entity. The Board of EAWA is composed of five members with three from the **Borough of Elizabethtown** and two from West Donegal Township. EAWA is not reported as part of the Borough's reporting entity.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Borough did not make any contributions to EAWA. Complete financial statements for EAWA can be obtained from the Elizabethtown Area Water Authority Manager, 5 Municipal Drive, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Joint Ventures (Continued)

Greater Elizabethtown Area Recreation and Community Services (GEARS)

The Greater Elizabethtown Area Recreation and Community Services (GEARS) were formed to provide recreational, continuing education, and social-service activities/programs for the children, youth, and adults of the participating municipalities in a fiscally responsible manner. The GEARS is composed of a fifteen-member board with three members from each of the following five entities: **Borough of Elizabethtown**, Conoy Township, Elizabethtown Area School District, Mount Joy Township, and West Donegal Township. GEARS is not reported as part of the Borough's reporting entity. As a member of GEARS, the **Borough of Elizabethtown** was required to make a quarterly contribution to GEARS. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Borough contributed \$80,794 to GEARS which was reported as an expenditure of the general fund. Complete financial statements for GEARS can be obtained from the GEARS Office at the Elizabethtown Area Middle School at 600 East High Street, Elizabethtown, PA 17022.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Borough are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts comprising each fund's assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. The funds are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for the Borough's expendable financial resources and related liabilities, except those accounted for in proprietary funds. The following are the Borough's governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is the principal operating fund of the Borough. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources related to asset acquisitions, construction, and improvements.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long-term debt interest and principal.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. Following is the Borough's proprietary fund type:

Enterprise Fund - Enterprise funds are used to account for the Borough's operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the residents on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or cost reimbursement plans. The following fund is used to account for those financial activities:

Sewer Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of providing sewer service to residents, commercial and industrial entities, and other neighboring municipalities.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to account for hospitalization and unemployment costs which are services provided to the Borough employees as benefits. This fund includes the health insurance fund and unemployment compensation fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types

These are the funds that account for the assets held by the Borough as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or governmental units. The funds included in this category are:

Pension Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for retirement and other benefits. This fund includes the 457 deferred compensation fund, non-uniformed pension fund, and police pension fund.

Agency Funds - These funds are used to account for assets held by the Borough as agent for others. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. This fund includes the payroll fund and subdivision fee escrow fund.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified major and nonmajor as follows:

Major:

General Fund
Capital Projects Funds:
Capital Reserve Fund
General Vehicle Sinking Fund
Special Revenue Fund:
Parks and Recreation Fund
Proprietary Funds:
Sewer Fund

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

Major and Nonmajor Funds (Continued)

Nonmajor:

Special Revenue Funds:
Liquid Fuels Fund
Police Training Fund
Capital Projects Fund:
Street Light Reserve Fund
Debt Service Fund

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Borough as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the Borough that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting which is the same accounting basis used in preparing the fund financial statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Borough's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Borough, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Borough.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are reported using the cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when received and expenses are recorded when paid. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Borough's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Borough follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The Borough distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Borough's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Borough are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted each year for substantially all funds on the cash basis of accounting. The budget for 2009 was proposed November 16, 2008, with final adoption on December 18, 2008. There were no budget revisions or amendments.

Budgetary data are included in the Borough's management information system and are employed as a management control device during the year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand and interest-bearing bank deposits.

Investments

Investments are recorded at market value.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The Borough follows the cash basis of accounting and records all capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), as an expenditure or expense when purchased. Since the capital assets are recorded as an expenditure or expense when purchased, no depreciation is computed on these assets.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pension Plans

All eligible full-time employees of the Borough participate in either the defined contribution non-uniformed pension plan or the defined benefit police pension plan. The Borough made all required contributions for the year ended December 31, 2009, and has recognized them as expenditures in the general fund.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Borough offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457.

Fund Equity

Unreserved fund balance for governmental fund types represents the amount available for budgeting future operations. Reserved and restricted fund balances for governmental and fiduciary fund types represent the amounts that have been identified for a specific expenditure. Unrestricted net assets for proprietary fund types represent the assets available for future operations or distribution.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between governmental funds or between proprietary funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with the cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statement and accompanying notes. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. No extraordinary items occurred during the year ended December 31, 2009.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY of SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Extraordinary and Special Items (Continued)

Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Borough and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The following special items occurred during the year ended December 31, 2009:

The Borough paid its 2002 Lease Rental Obligation in full by a contribution from EAPA in the amount of \$856,577 for its share of the sale of park land financed with this debt.

The Borough received debt proceeds from borrowings on the General Obligation Note - Series A of 2008 and the General Obligation Note - Series of 2009 in the amount of \$1,102,635 to pay expenses incurred in connection with the capital project described in Note 12.

The Borough received payment from West Donegal Township of \$358,485 for sewer plant construction cost incurred in prior years.

NOTE 2 - CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS and INVESTMENTS

Pennsylvania statutes provide for investment of governmental funds into certain authorized investment types including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for investment purposes. In addition to the investments authorized for governmental funds, fiduciary fund investments may also be made in corporate stocks and bonds, real estate, and other investments consistent with sound business practice.

The deposit and investment policy of the Borough adheres to state statutes and prudent business practice. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the Borough.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Borough does not have a policy to limit custodial credit risk for cash accounts. As of December 31, 2009, \$4,326,079 of the Borough's bank balance of \$4,576,079 was exposed to custodial credit risk as:

Uninsured and Uncollateralized -0Collateralized with Securities Held by the Pledging Financial Institution -0Uninsured and Collateral Held by the Pledging Financial Institution's
Trust Department not in the Borough's Name 4,326,079
4,326,079

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS and INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Financial Statements

Uninsured Amount Above	4,326,079
Plus: Insured Amount	250,000
Bank Balance	4,576,079
Less: Outstanding Checks	(101,876)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents per the Financial Statements	4,474,203

Investments

As of December 31, 2009, the Borough had the following investments:

Investments	Maturity	Fair Value
Abbott Lab Bond	1-5 Years	51,652
Berks County PA Build America Bond	6-10 Years	29,337
Boeing Cap Corp Bond	6-10 Years	48,779
Chevron Corp Bond	1-5 Years	78,301
Cisco Systems Inc. Bond	6-10 Years	98,098
Coca Cola Co Bond	6-10 Years	52,083
Disney Walt Co Bond	1-5 Years	79,669
Dupont El De Nemours Bond	1-5 Years	53,671
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	< 1 Year	51,305
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	1-5 Years	136,312
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	6-10 Years	30,408
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	< 1 Year	35,306
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	1-5 Years	390,204
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	6-10 Years	30,047
Federated Government Obligation Money Market Fund		183,546
General Electric Cap Corp	6-10 Years	103,413
Glaxosmithkline Cap Bond	1-5 Years	53,673
Goldman Sachs Group Bond	1-5 Years	50,901
Hershey Co. Bond	1-5 Years	52,968
Hewlett Packard Co. Bond	6-10 Years	106,334
Home Depot, Inc. Bond	1-5 Years	51,185
JP Morgan Chase & Co Bond	1-5 Years	100,296
Merck & Co Inc. Bond	1-5 Years	104,284
Microsoft Corp Bond	6-10 Years	99,843
Mutual Funds and Pooled Separate Funds		2,599,395
Oracle Corp Bond	1-5 Years	107,986
Robinson Township PA Municipal Bond	1-5 Years	31,916

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS and INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

United States Treasury Bonds	1-5 Years	267,572
United States Treasury Notes	< 1 Year	378,499
United States Treasury Notes	1-5 Years	1,099,584
United States Treasury Notes	6-10 Years	244,711
·		6.801.278

Interest Rate Risk

The Borough limits its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the maturity of investments, except for investments in the pension fund, to a maximum of five years. The investment policy for the pension fund is contained in the pension plan documents.

Credit Risk

The Borough has adopted a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices for all funds, except the pension fund, to investments backed by the U.S. government and other select high-grade investments. The investment policy prescribes diversification and sets the primary investment objectives, in priority order, as safety, liquidity, and yield. The investment policy for the pension fund is contained in the pension plan documents.

As of December 31, 2009, the Borough's investments were rated as:

Investments	Standard & Poor's
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	AAA
Federated Government Obligation Money Market Fund	AAA
Microsoft Corp Bond	AAA
General Electric Cap Corp	AA+
Abbott Lab Bond	AA
Chevron Corp Bond	AA
Merck & Co Inc. Bond	AA-
Cisco Systems Inc. Bond	A+
Coca Cola Co Bond	A+
Glaxosmithkline Cap Bond	A+
JP Morgan Chase & Co Bond	A+
Boeing Cap Corp Bond	A
Disney Walt Co Bond	A
Dupont El De Nemours Bond	A
Hershey Co. Bond	A
Hewlett Packard Co. Bond	A
Oracle Corp Bond	A
Goldman Sachs Group Bond	A-1
Home Depot, Inc. Bond	A-2
0=	

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS and INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Borough's investment policy for non-pension related investments sets standards to ensure diversification to avoid concentrations of credit risk. The investment policy related to pension fund investments is contained in the pension plan documents. More than 5% of the Borough's investments are in United States Treasury Notes, Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund, Vanguard Index FDS 500 Sig Fund, and Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds. These investments are 25.33%, 14.92%, 8.65%, and 6.70% of fiduciary funds and total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Borough will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The Borough's investment policy for non-pension funds does not prescribe specified percentage limits for investment options but sets broader guidelines regarding diversification. The Borough has investments subject to custodial credit risk in its investments in mutual funds and pooled separate accounts.

NOTE 3 - REAL ESTATE TAXES

Based on assessments provided by the County, real estate taxes are billed and collected by the Tax Collector. The Borough's tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2009, was 4.20 mills (\$4.20 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by Borough Council.

The schedule for real estate taxes levied each year is as follows:

February 1 Levy Date
February 1 - April 30 2% Discount Period
May 1 - June 30 Face Payment Period
July 1 - December 31 10% Penalty Period
January 1 Lien Date

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACCOUNTS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2009, were as follows:

Transfers In:

Street Lighting Fund from General Fund	12,768
General Vehicle Sinking Fund from General Fund	40,000
Debt Service Fund from Sewer Fund	481,295
	534,063

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfer from the general fund to the street lighting fund was made to cover debt service expenses.

Interfund transfers are provided annually to the general vehicle sinking fund from the general fund to fund future capital expenses.

Interfund transfer from the sewer fund to the debt service fund was made to cover debt service payments.

NOTE 5 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The Borough issues general obligation debt and self-liquidating debt to provide funds for major capital improvements. The debt service of the sewer revenue bonds is secured by and payable out of the revenues from the sewer system. The Borough has pledged its full faith, credit, and taxing power for the guarantee of the debt service on the general obligation bonds and notes.

The Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series of 1969 were issued for the purpose of making certain capital improvements to the sewer system. The payments on the 1969 Sewer Revenue Bonds will be made from the sewer fund of the Borough.

The 2002 Lease Rental Debt was issued by the Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority for the costs of acquisition of certain land to be used for public park and recreational facilities and to be retained as open space, the costs of planning and designing improvements to portions of such land for park and recreational uses, and related costs and expenses, including costs and expenses of financing. The payments on the 2002 Lease Rental Debt are made from the general fund of the Borough. The park land was sold in 2009 and the debt was paid in full from the sale proceeds.

The 2005 General Obligation Bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority's Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds (Borough of Elizabethtown Project), Series A of 1999. These funds were initially borrowed for the purpose of the expansion and upgrade of the wastewater treatment plant, expansion of the effluent outfall system and expansion of the sewage collection system. The payments on the bonds are made from the sewer fund of the Borough.

The General Obligation Note - Series A of 2008, a \$3,000,000 non-revolving drawdown note, was issued for the purposes of funding the anticipated reconstruction of the Elizabethtown Amtrak Station. The note will be payable in full on May 16, 2010. Until then, interest accrues at an annual variable rate of 65% of the sum of one-month LIBOR plus 150 basis points, with a minimum rate of 2.25% and a maximum rate of 6.00%. The applicable interest rate at December 31, 2009 is 2.25%. Interest payments are due quarterly. The Borough borrowed \$679,135 on this note during the year. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2009 was \$416,051.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The General Obligation Note - Series B of 2008, a \$1,000,000 non-revolving drawdown note, was issued for the purposes of funding Phase 1 of the College Avenue Project. The note will be payable in full on May 16, 2010. Until then, interest accrues at an annual variable rate of 65% of the sum of one-month LIBOR plus 150 basis points, with a minimum rate of 2.25% and a maximum rate of 6.00%. The applicable interest rate at December 31, 2009 is 2.25%. Interest payments are due quarterly. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2009 is \$156,716.

The General Obligation Note - Series C of 2008, a \$2,500,000 non-revolving drawdown note, was issued for the purposes of funding Phase 2 of the College Avenue Project. The note will be payable in full on May 16, 2010. Until then, interest accrues at an annual variable rate of 65% of the sum of one-month LIBOR plus 150 basis points, with a minimum rate of 2.25% and a maximum rate of 6.00%. The applicable interest rate at December 31, 2009 is 2.25%. Interest payments are due quarterly. This note was not used during 2009.

During 2009, the Borough issued General Obligation Note - Series of 2009, a \$836,300 non-revolving drawdown note, for the purposes of funding the Train Station Project. Payments on the note are due June 15th and December 15th through December 15, 2029 at a fixed interest rate of 4.29%. The Borough borrowed \$423,500 on this note during the year. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2009 was \$423,500.

Currently, the Borough has debt with interest rates and outstanding principal amounts at December 31, 2009, as follows:

	Issue	Interest Rates	Principal Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2009
General Obligation Note - Series of 2009	2009	4.29%	423,500
General Obligation Note - Series A	2008	Variable	416,051
General Obligation Note - Series B	2008	Variable	156,716
General Obligation Bonds	2005	3.00% - 4.35%	6,160,000
Sewer Revenue Bonds	1969	5.60%	5,000
			7,161,267

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following schedule reveals the annual debt service requirements to maturity for each of the debt issues:

	2005 General Obligation Bonds		2008 General Obligation Note Series A		2008 G Obligatio Seri	
Year Ending	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal
December 31	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment
2010	239,245	295,000	3,510	416,051	1,322	156,716
2011	230,395	300,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2012	221,245	305,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2013	211,028	325,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2014	199,815	330,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2015-2019	805,790	1,845,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2020-2024	404,403	2,255,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
2025-2029	21,968	505,000	0-		0-	
	2,333,889	6,160,000	3,510	416,051	1,322	156,716
	Ge	eneral	Se	wer		

	Obligat	ion Note	Revenu	ıe Bonds		
	Series	s of 2009	Series o	of 1969	<u>To</u>	tals
Year Ending	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal
December 31	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment	Payment
2010	17,690	45,050	-0-	5,000	261,767	917,817
2011	15,737	47,003	-0-	-0-	246,132	347,003
2012	13,699	49,041	-0-	-0-	234,944	354,041
2013	11,572	51,168	-0-	-0-	222,600	376,168
2014	9,354	53,386	-0-	-0-	209,169	383,386
2015-2019	13,840	177,852	-0-	-0-	819,630	2,022,852
2020-2024	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	404,403	2,255,000
2025-2029			<u>-0-</u>	0-	21,968	505,000
	81,892	423,500	-0-	5,000	2,420,613	7,161,267

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the following changes occurred in long-term debt:

	Balance January 1	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31	
	January 1	Maditions	Reductions	December 51	
General Obligation Debt	7,158,556	1,102,635	1,104,924	7,156,267	
Self-Liquidating Debt	5,000	-0-	-0-	5,000	
Other Post Employment Health Benefits	-0-	158,932	-0-	158,932	
Compensated Absences	230,167	22,701		252,868	
-	7,393,723	1,284,268	1,104,924	7,573,067	

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Borough maintains both insurance contracts and self-funded arrangements to deal with the risk of loss arising from the following events: torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; business interruptions; errors and omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; acts of God; and losses resulting from providing medical benefits to employees and their dependents.

Insurance contracts cover public officials, law enforcement, automobile, and umbrella liabilities. The contracts also provide employee, tax collector, treasurer, and employee blanket bonds.

The Borough has self-funded arrangements, as described below, for health, unemployment, and workers' compensation claims.

Health Insurance

The Borough is a member of the Intergovernmental Insurance Cooperative (IIC) through which it self-insures for employee health claims. These claims are administered by NCAS. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Borough remitted their contracted monthly amount to IIC who pays the funds directly to NCAS. Under the shared pooling agreement with IIC, the Borough's claims may exceed their monthly contributions and no additional payments are required to cover their underpayment. At the end of the pool's fiscal year in March, the excess or deficit of the pool is allocated to all the members. The Borough was limited in liability for claims to \$30,000 individually and \$419,410 in the aggregate.

Employee contributions are recorded in the Health Insurance Fund for the NCAS plan. Borough contributions for monthly claims liability are shown in the general and sewer funds for the year ended December 31, 2009.

As of December 31, 2009, there are no additional assessments relating to the health plan.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Unemployment

The Borough has elected to self-insure for unemployment compensation rather than contribute to the state fund. Monies are deposited into the unemployment compensation fund to fund the payment of these unemployment claims. Expenditures are recorded in the unemployment compensation fund when invoiced by the state and paid by the Borough. Unemployment claims in the amount of \$10,583 were paid in 2009.

As of December 31, 2009, the Borough is not aware of any additional unemployment claims.

Self-Insurance - Workers' Compensation

The Borough participates in the Susquehanna Municipal Trust which is a cooperative voluntary trust arrangement for thirty member municipalities. This agreement states that the Borough pays an annual premium to the trust for the purpose of seeking prevention or lessening of claims due to injuries of employees of the members and pooling workers' compensation and occupational disease insurance risks, reserves, claims, and losses and providing self-insurance and re-insurance thereof.

It is the intent of the members of the trust that the trust will utilize funds contributed by the members to provide self-insurance and reimbursement to the members for their obligations to pay compensation as required under the Workers' Compensation Act and the Pennsylvania Occupational Disease Act and to purchase excess and aggregate insurance. The trust is limited in liability up to \$500,000 for a claim over its life. As of December 31, 2009, the Borough is not aware of any additional assessments relating to the trust.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

The **Borough of Elizabethtown** administers one defined benefit pension plan - the police pension plan (PPP). The Borough also administers two defined contribution pension plans - the non-uniformed employee pension plan (NEPP) and the 457 deferred compensation plan (DCP). The assets of the plans are not commingled.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The plans' financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Contributions to the plans are recognized in the period in which contributions are made. Benefits are recognized when paid.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information

Membership of the plan consisted of the following at January 1, 2009 the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	PPP
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits, but not yet Receiving Them	3
Active Plan Participants:	
Fully Vested	9
Partially Vested	0
Non-Vested	_7
	<u>16</u>
Total Plan Membership	19

Police Pension Plan

Plan Description

PPP is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time, uniformed employees of the Borough. PPP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 5% of pay. However, if an actuarial study shows the plan to have sufficient assets to fund plan benefits, employee contributions may be suspended.

The Borough is required to make actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that for individual employees, increase over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due.

The actual required contribution is determined annually through the budgeting process. The results of actuarial valuations are used in budgeting for future years.

The Borough contributed \$333,462, of which \$114,669 was Act 205 funds, and members contributed \$66,194 during 2009.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information (Continued)

Non-Uniformed Employee Pension Plan

Plan Description

NEPP is a single-employer defined contribution pension plan that covers all full-time, non-uniformed employees of the Borough. NEPP provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

Contributions

The Borough will contribute an amount equal to 6.5% of each eligible participant's compensation, except the contribution for the Borough Manager shall be 13.0% of compensation. Employee contributions are not permitted.

The Borough contributed \$54,244, of which \$54,244 was Act 205 funds, during 2009.

457 Deferred Compensation Plan

Plan Description

The DCP is a single-employer defined contribution pension plan in which all eligible, full-time employees of the Borough may elect to participate. Employees can elect to defer up to a maximum percentage of their compensation as specified in the plan document. At December 31, 2009, there were 20 plan members.

Contributions

The employee contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2009, were \$53,917.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The Borough's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the PPP for the current year were as follows:

	PPP
	222.462
Annual Required Contribution	333,462
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	(2,770)
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	3,957
Annual Pension Cost	334,649
Contributions Made	333,462
Increase in Net Pension Obligation	1,187
Net Pension Obligation Beginning of Year	(39,568)
Net Pension Obligation (Asset) End of Year	(38,381)

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (Continued)

The annual required contributions for the PPP for 2009 were determined as part of the January 1, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included a) 7% investment rate of return, and b) a projected salary increase of 6% for the PPP. The actuarial value of assets for the PPP was market value as determined by the trustee. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized for the plans using the level dollar closed amortization method. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2009, for the PPP was 11 years.

Three Year Trend Information

PPP

CalendarAnnual Year	Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2007	241,571	99.5%	(40,792)
2008	255,319	99.5%	(39,568)
2009	334,649	99.7%	(38,381)

Concentrations

Police Pension Plan

PPP has greater than 5% concentrations in US Treasury Notes, US Treasury Bonds, Vanguard 500 Index Admiral Fund and Vanguard Total Stock Market Index Fund.

The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports.

NOTE 8 - LITIGATION

The Borough is involved in several claims. However, it is anticipated that any of these potential claims not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the Borough.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 - FUND EQUITY

Fund balances have been reserved as follows:

Debt Service Funds:

Reserve for Debt Service 34,836

Trust Funds:

Restricted for Retirement Benefits 6,059,289
Restricted for Deferred Compensation Payments 741,989

NOTE 10 - DEFEASED DEBT OUTSTANDING

In the prior years, the Borough defeased the Elizabethtown Area Regional Authority's Guaranteed Sewer Revenue Bonds (Borough of Elizabethtown Project), Series A of 1999 by creating a separate irrevocable trust fund. The Series of 2005 General Obligation Bonds was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government Securities that were placed in the trust funds. In 2009, these funds were used to pay off the remaining outstanding principal and interest due. The balance outstanding on defeased debt at December 31, 2009 was \$0.

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Description

Effective January 1, 2009, the Borough adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Retirement Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Relevant disclosures within this note are related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45. The financial statements for the Borough are prepared on the cash basis of accounting and therefore do not reflect any long-term liabilities or related expenses resulting from the adoption.

The Borough maintains a single employer defined benefit plan to provide post retirement healthcare benefits to Borough employees. Under the Elizabethtown Borough Police Contract, police officers who reach normal or disability retirement are eligible to receive hospitalization and major medical benefits to age 65. If the officer was hired on or before January 1, 2009 and is married at the time of retirement, the officer's spouse whom he/she was married at the time of retirement is eligible to receive the same benefit subject to the conditions as outlined in the police contract. Under the Elizabethtown Non-Uniformed Employees Contract, retirees and their spouses are eligible to receive hospitalization and major medical benefits to age 65, provided that they retired prior to January 1, 2010.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Funding Policy

The Borough has elected to finance post employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Borough recognizes expenditures for post employment group insurance when claims are filed with the plan administrator. These financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Borough's annual cost for other post employment retirement benefits (OPEB) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the Borough, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period of 30 years. The following illustrates the components of the Borough's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Borough's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution	222,358
Interest on OPEB Obligation	-0-
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	
Annual OPEB Cost	222,358
Contributions Made	_63,426
Estimated Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	158,932
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	158,932

The Borough's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2009 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation- End of Year
12/31/2009	222,358	29%	158,932

Because 2009 was the year of transition for GASB Statement No. 45, requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 has been implemented prospectively; therefore, the above illustration does not reflect similar information respective of the two preceding years.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits equaled \$2,089,449, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,089,449. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) equaled \$1,271,918, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll equaled 164.28%.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The funding progress, presented above, is to present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. However, because the Borough maintains no plan assets, information relative to plan asset required disclosures is not applicable. Additionally, because 2009 was the year of transition for GASB Statement No. 45, requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 have been implemented prospectively; therefore, the funding progress does not reflect similar information respective of the two preceding years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the Borough and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Borough and plan members to that point. There are no legal or contractual funding limitations that would potentially affect the projection of benefits for financial accounting purposes. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2009, the entry age normal cost method was used. Because the Borough funds its OPEB on a pay-as-you-go basis, the plan has no assets (investments) legally held exclusively for paying the post-retirement medical benefits. Actuarial assumptions included an interest rate of 4.5% per annum. Assumptions also include medical inflation of 8.0% in the first year gradually decreasing by 0.5% per year to a rate of 5% in 2015; rates gradually decrease from 5.3% in 2015 to 4.2% in 2099 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS

The Borough currently has three capital improvement projects in progress.

West College Avenue

The Borough completed Phase I of this project in 2008. Only minimal expenses were incurred during 2009 for this project. The Borough is due \$147,673 in grant funding from the Commonwealth to reimburse utility relocation expenses incurred in 2008. Phase II of this project is slated to commence in 2010.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS (Continued)

Train Station Renovation

The Borough is also in the process of the renovation of the train station and grounds. Total cost of the project is estimated to be \$7.2 million. The project construction commenced in 2009 and is expected to be completed in 2011. Bids were awarded in 2009 and funding was secured through an American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grant awarded in the amount of \$9,384,839 and a grant from Lancaster County in the amount of \$250,000.

Architectural/Engineering

Amounts due from the County as of 1/1/09	105,000
Total Payments made in 2009	165,740
Total 2009 Reimbursements from County	(105,000)
Total 2009 Reimbursements from ARRA Funds	-0-
Total 2009 Non-ARRA Costs	(128,331)
Amounts due from ARRA Funds	37,409

Construction

Total Payments made in 2009	679,135
Total ARRA Funds Received in 2009	(263,083)
Amounts due from ARRA Funds as of 12/31/09	416,052

Other Costs

The Borough incurred other project related cost in the amount of \$102,387 which are non-reimbursable.

Commitments

The Borough has entered into an architectural/engineering agreement related to the train station project and has a remaining commitment of \$233,000 under this agreement.

The Borough has entered into a construction contract for the train station renovation and has a remaining commitment of \$4,830,000 related to this contract.

Street Lighting Upgrades

The Borough has contracted with Municipal Energy Managers, Inc. (MEM) for the purchase, upgrade, and maintenance of the street lights in the Borough in order to achieve energy and maintenance cost savings, beyond debt service, over the life of the 20 year contract. The initial purchase and upgrade at a total cost of \$836,300 is currently in process with a remaining commitment of \$412,800. The Borough is financing this project with the General Obligation Note Series of 2009.

NOTES to FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 12 - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS (Continued)

In order to track the results of this project, the Borough has established the street lights reserve fund to account for the purchase and upgrade. Upon completion, the Borough will transfer annually funds from the general fund equal to estimated street lighting costs had the MEM agreement not been entered into. The Borough will pay maintenance, electricity and debt service expenses from this fund and considers the fund balance the realized savings.

NOTE 13 - PURCHASE COMMITMENT

The Borough has contracted with Constellation NewEnergy, Inc. to exclusively purchase all electricity requirements at an agreed-upon price of \$0.077004 per kWh. This agreement expires in December 2012.

SCHEDULE of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES BUDGET and ACTUAL - Cash Basis GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2009

								iance With nal Budget
	Budget Amounts						Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES		Ū						
Taxes	\$	3,361,908	\$	3,361,908	\$	3,225,441	\$	(136,467)
Licenses and Permits		150,150		150,150		150,640		490
Fines and Forfeits		51,500		51,500		46,250		(5,250)
Interests, Rents, and Royalties		25,055		25,055		14,653		(10,402)
Intergovernmental		268,350		268,350		651,516		383,166
Charges for Services		808,448		808,448		840,338		31,890
Total Revenues		4,665,411		4,665,411		4,928,838		263,427
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		383,123		383,123		395,021		(11,898)
Public Safety		1,853,720		1,853,720		1,687,205		166,515
Public Works		1,168,217		1,168,217		1,110,154		58,063
Culture and Recreation		314,968		314,968		294,505		20,463
Community Development		43,150		43,150		454,955		(411,805)
Debt Service - Principal		10,771		10,771		526,333		(515,562)
Debt Service - Interest		27,932		27,932		13,998		13,934
Insurance, Pension, and Other Benefits		1,043,804		1,043,804		999,721		44,083
Total Expenditures		4,845,685		4,845,685		5,481,892		(636,207)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)								
of REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(180,274)		(180,274)		(553,054)		(372,780)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Refunds of Prior Year Expenditures		45,900		45,900		85,342		39,442
Transfer in from Elizabethtown Area								
Park Authority		0		-0-		529,250		529,250
Sale of Assets		3,000		3,000		23,351		20,351
Interfund Transfers	_	(151,125)	_	(151,125)	_	(52,768)		98,357
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(102,225)		(102,225)		585,175		687,400
NET CHANGES in								
FUND BALANCES	\$	(282,499)	\$	(282,499)	\$	32,121	\$	314,620

Budgeted revenue does not include beginning cash balance.

SCHEDULE of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES BUDGET and ACTUAL - Cash Basis PARK AND RECREATION FUND
Year Ended December 31, 2009

				Variance With Final Budget	
		Amounts		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Interests, Rents, and Royalties	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 452	\$ (548)	
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	1,200	(300)	
Total Revenues	2,500	2,500	1,652	(848)	
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and Recreation	6,000	6,000	2,563	3,437	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)					
of REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,500)	(3,500)	(911)	2,589	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfer in from Elizabethtown Area					
Park Authority		-0-	327,327	327,327	
Net Other Financing Sources			327,327	327,327	
NET CHANGES in					
FUND BALANCES	\$ (3,500)	\$ (3,500)	\$ 326,416	\$ 329,916	

Budgeted revenue does not include beginning cash balance.

Borough of ElizabethtownREQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -SCHEDULE of FUNDING PROGRESS -Unaudited

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
Police Pension	Plan:					
01/01/2004 01/01/2005	3,189,440 3,520,526	\$ 3,991,795	\$ 471,269	88.2 %	\$ 964.336	48.9 %
01/01/2006	3,831,363	Ψ 3,271,23	Ψ 171,207	33.2 76	Ψ 201,000	
01/01/2007 01/01/2008	4,275,154 4,772,880	5,282,032	1,006,878	80.9 %	1,074,441	93.7 %
01/01/2009	4,631,602	\$ 6,078,430	\$ 1,446,828	76.2 %	\$ 1,169,352	123.7 %

Borough of Elizabethtown REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -SCHEDULE of EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS -Unaudited

Police Pension Plan:

Calendar Year	Annual Ro Contrib	-	ntributions n Employer	Percentage Contributed
2004	\$ 137	,305	\$ 137,305	100.0 %
2005	181	,608	181,608	100.0 %
2006	188	,293	188,293	100.0 %
2007	240	,309	240,309	100.0 %
2008	254	,095	254,095	100.0 %
2009	\$ 333	,462	\$ 333,462	100.0 %

NOTES to REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Unaudited

The information presented on the required supplementary schedules on pages 54 and 55 was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Police Pension Plan

Valuation Date 01/01/2009

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 11 Years

Asset Valuation Method Market Value as

Determined by Trustee

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7%

Projected Salary Increases 6% Annual

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Cash Basis December 31, 2009

	0	· 1 D		n 1			Pro	pital oject ind	
		pecial Revo		runa olice	-	Debt	-	Light	
		Fuels		aining		Service		erve	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fu	ınd	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	99,214	\$	3,572	\$	34,836	\$	-0-	\$ 137,622
LIABILITIES and FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES		-0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	-0-
FUND BALANCES									
Reserve for Debt Service						34,836			34,836
Unreserved - Undesignated:									_
Capital Projects		00.214		2 572				-0-	-0-
Special Revenue Fund		99,214		3,572					 102,786
TOTAL FUND		00.014		0 570		24.026		0	107 (00
BALANCES		99,214		3,572		34,836		-0-	 137,622
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
and FUND									
BALANCES	\$	99,214	\$	3,572	\$	34,836	\$	-0-	\$ 137,622

Borough of Elizabethtown COMBINING STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Special Rever	nia Funde		Captial Project Fund	
_	Liquid Fuels Fund	Police Training Fund	Debt Service Fund	Street Light Reserve Fund	Total
REVENUES					
Interest, Rents,					
and Royalties	\$ 673	\$ 2	\$ 282		\$ 957
Intergovernmental	220,534				220,534
Miscellaneous		2,040			2,040
Total Revenues	221,207	2,042	282	-0-	223,531
EXPENDITURES					
Public Safety		1,188			1,188
Public Works	203,049			423,500	626,549
Debt Service - Principal			235,000		235,000
Debt Service - Interest			246,295	12,768	259,063
Total					
Expenditures	203,049	1,188	481,295	436,268	1,121,800
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) of REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	•	854	(481,013)	(436,268)	(898,269)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	es.				
Proceeds from Long-Term I				423,500	423,500
Interfund Transfers			481,295	12,768	494,063
Net Other Financing Sources	-0-	-0-	481,295	436,268	917,563
NET CHANGES in FUND BALANCES	18,158	854	282	-0-	19,294
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning	81,056	2,718	34,554	-0-	118,328
Ending	\$ 99,214	\$ 3,572	\$ 34,836	\$ -0-	\$ 137,622

COMBINING STATEMENT of NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Cash Basis December 31, 2009

	Health Insurance Fund	Unemployment Compensation Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,101,597	\$ 11,163	\$ 1,112,760
LIABILITIES	-0-	-0-	-0-
NET ASSETS - Unrestricted	\$ 1,101,597	\$ 11,163	\$ 1,112,760

Borough of Elizabethtown COMBINING STATEMENT of REVENUES, EXPENSES, and CHANGES in NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Health Insurance Fund		Com	nployment pensation Tund	Total			
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for Service	\$	23,216	\$	2,246	\$	25,462		
OPERATING EXPENSES				10,583		10,583		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		23,216	(8,337)		(8,337)			14,879
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
Investment Income Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		6,026 106,831	_	75		6,101 106,831		
TOTAL NONOPERATING								
REVENUES		112,857		75		112,932		
CHANGES in NET ASSETS		136,073		(8,262)		127,811		
NET ASSETS								
Beginning		965,524		19,425		984,949		
Ending	\$	1,101,597	\$	11,163	\$	1,112,760		

COMBINING STATEMENT of NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS - Cash Basis
December 31, 2009

	Non-Uniformed Pension Fund			Police Pension Fund	Deferred Compensation Fund	Total		
ASSETS								
Investments (at Fair Value): Federated Governmental								
Obligation Money								
Market Fund	\$	104,214	\$	79,333		\$	183,547	
Fixed Income Securities	•	371,400	7	1,595,318		•	1,966,718	
Governmental Obligations		152,650		1,990,366			2,143,016	
Mutual Funds and Pooled								
Separate Funds		162,661		1,603,347	741,989		2,507,997	
TOTAL ASSETS		790,925		5,268,364	741,989	_	6,801,278	
LIABILITIES		-0-		-0-	-0-		-0-	
NET ASSETS - Restricted	\$	790,925	\$	5,268,364	\$ 741,989	\$	6,801,278	

Borough of Elizabethtown COMBINING STATEMENT of CHANGES in NET ASSETS -FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS - Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Non-Uniformed Pension Fund	Police Pension Fund	Deferred Compensation Fund	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Commonwealth	\$ 54,244	\$ 114,669		\$ 168,913
Employer		218,793	F2 017	218,793
Employee		66,194	53,917	120,111
To and the said To a said	54,244	399,656	53,917	507,817
Investment Income	67,789	404,234	129,566	601,589
Total Additions	122,033	803,890	183,483	1,109,406
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative Expenses	11,862	35,109		46,971
Retirement Benefits	4,875	92,061	5,596	102,532
Total Deductions	16,737	127,170	5,596	149,503
CHANGES in				
NET ASSETS	105,296	676,720	177,887	959,903
NET ASSETS - Restricted				
Beginning of Year	685,629	4,591,644	564,102	5,841,375
End of Year	\$ 790,925	\$ 5,268,364	<u>\$ 741,989</u>	\$ 6,801,278

Borough of Elizabethtown COMBINING STATEMENT of NET ASSETS - AGENCY FUNDS -Cash Basis

December 31, 2009

	Payroll Fund	Subdivision Fee Escrow Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 26,581	\$ 26,581
LIABILITIES			
Due to Developers	-0-	14,582	14,582
Other Current Liabilities		11,999	11,999
TOTAL LIABILITIES		26,581	26,581
NET ASSETS	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ -0-	\$ -0-

SCHEDULE of INDEBTEDNESS Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Year of Issue	Original Amount of Issue	outstanding January 1, 2009	ebt Issued Iring Year	Principal Paid During Year	utstanding ecember 31, 2009	Annual Principal Payments	Final Maturity
GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT								
Lease Rental Debt	2002	583,333 (5.200%)	\$ 526,333	\$ -0-	\$ 526,333	\$ -0-	Scheduled	
General Obligation Bond	2005	7,080,000 (3.000% - 4.350%)	6,395,000	-0-	235,000	6,160,000	Scheduled	12/01/25
General Obligation Note, Series A	2008	3,000,000 Variable	-0-	679,135	263,084	416,051	Interest Only	05/16/10
General Obligation Note, Series B	2008	1,000,000 Variable	237,223	-0-	80,507	156,716	Interest Only	05/16/10
General Obligation Note, Series C	2008	2,500,000 Variable	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	Interest Only	05/16/10
General Obligation Note, Series of 200 Total General Obligation De		836,300 (4.290%)	 -0- 7,158,556	 423,500 1,102,635	 -0- 1,104,924	 423,500 7,156,267	Interest Only	12/15/29
SELF-LIQUIDATING DEBT	ot.		7,138,330	1,102,033	1,104,924	7,130,207		
Sewer Revenue Bonds	1969	740,000 (5.600%)	 5,000	 -0-	 -0-	 5,000	Due Upon Demand	
Total Self-Liquidating Debt			 5,000	 -0-	 -0-	 5,000		
TOTALS			\$ 7,163,556	\$ 1,102,635	\$ 1,104,924	\$ 7,161,267		

See auditors' report.

Borough of Elizabethtown SCHEDULE of REAL ESTATE TAXES Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Real Estate Tax
ASSESSED VALUATION	
Value of all Real Estate Less: Exempt	\$ 563,157,000 (105,025,000)
CURRENT LEVY	
Real Estate Taxable	458,132,000
TAX RATE	
Road and General Borough Purpose Mills Levied	x 4.20Mills
Total Levied	1,924,154
Add: Interim Tax Levies and Additions Penalties Assessed and Collected	8,528 5,337 1,938,019
Less: Abatements Allowed, Exonerations, and Removals Discounts	114 33,451
Total Current Levy	1,904,454
PRIOR YEARS	
Outstanding Beginning of Year Add: Penalties and Interest Assessed - net	102,796
of Tax Claim Bureau Charges	5,547
	108,343
Less: Exonerations, Removals, Deceased, etc.	-0-
Total Prior Years	108,343
TOTAL AVAILABLE for COLLECTION	2,012,797
Collections During Year	1,901,180
Balance Outstanding, End of Year	111,617
BALANCE OUTSTANDING, End of Year	
2009 Duplicate and Interims	76,721
2008 and Prior Duplicates	34,896 t 111,617
	<u>\$ 111,617</u>

SCHEDULE of EXPENDITURES of FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2009

Federal Grantor Project Title	Source Code	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Grant Amount	Total Received for the Year	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation							
Federal Transit - Formula Grant***	I/F	20.507	PA-96-X0001-00	7/17/09 - 01/31/11	5,502,000	\$ 263,084	\$ 716,544

Legend

I = Indirect funding

F = Federal share

CFDA = Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

*** = Component of the Federal Transit Cluster

NOTES to SCHEDULE of EXPENDITURES of FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



REPORT on INTERNAL CONTROL over FINANCIAL REPORTING and on COMPLIANCE and OTHER MATTERS BASED on an AUDIT of FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED in ACCORDANCE with GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board Officers and Members Borough of Elizabethtown Lancaster County, Pennsylvania

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Borough of Elizabethtown** as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, which collectively comprise **Borough of Elizabethtown's** basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and an other deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #2009-01, #2009-02, and #2009-03 to be material weaknesses.

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A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2009-04 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Borough of Elizabethtown's** financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Borough of Elizabethtown's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit **Borough of Elizabethtown's** response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Borough Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 29, 2010 Lancaster, Pennsylvania TROUT, EBERSOLE & GROFF, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Trout, Elersole & Groff, LLP

REPORT on COMPLIANCE with REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE to each MAJOR PROGRAM and on INTERNAL CONTROL over COMPLIANCE in ACCORDANCE with OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board Officers and Members Borough of Elizabethtown Lancaster County, Pennsylvania

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of **Borough of Elizabethtown** with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2009. **Borough of Elizabethtown's** major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of **Borough of Elizabethtown's** management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on **Borough of Elizabethtown's** compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **Borough of Elizabethtown's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of **Borough of Elizabethtown's** compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, **Borough of Elizabethtown** complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of **Borough of Elizabethtown** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Borough of Elizabethtown's** internal control over compliance.

A *control deficiency* in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Borough Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

January 29, 2010 Lancaster, Pennsylvania TROUT, EBERSOLE & GROFF, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Trout, Elersole & Groff, LLP

SCHEDULE of FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ended December 31, 2009

A. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the **Borough of Elizabethtown**.
- 2. Three material weaknesses and one significant deficiency relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the **Borough of Elizabethtown** were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal programs are reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the **Borough of Elizabethtown** expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. Audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for the **Borough of Elizabethtown** are reported in part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program is: Federal Transit Formula Grants CFDA #20.507.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The **Borough of Elizabethtown** was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- B. Findings Financial Statements Audit

Material Weaknesses

#2009-01 - Preparation of Financial Statements

The Borough has designated an employee responsible to oversee Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLP's preparation of the financial statements. The Borough has assumed responsibility for evaluating the adequacy and results of the financial statements and accepted responsibility for them. However, the Borough staff does not possess the expertise to prepare the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements for the **Borough of Elizabethtown** in conformity with the cash basis of accounting.

SCHEDULE of FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ended December 31, 2009
(Continued)

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit (Continued)

Material Weaknesses (Continued)

#2009-01 - Preparation of Financial Statements (Continued)

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with the finding. The Borough staff is qualified to manage the financial activities of regular Borough business. However, as is similar with other small municipalities, the staff does not possess the expertise to prepare the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. It is not anticipated that the Borough will have the resources to employ an individual with such expertise on a full-time basis. The Borough contracts with Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLP on an annual basis to perform this function. A Borough employee is designated to oversee the preparation of the financial statements by the third-party.

#2009-02 - Accounting for Other Financing Sources and Uses

Certain receipts and disbursements in the other financing sources and uses category of the Borough's financial statements occur infrequently. The staff is not experienced in the accounting treatment of these transactions which resulted in audit adjustments. During the audit we proposed adjusting entries related to the payment of the 2002 Lease Rental Debt and transfer in from the Elizabethtown Area Park.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Borough staff research the accounting for infrequent transactions. We are also available to provide guidance.

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with the finding. Borough staff will work with Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLP to research and implement an accounting system for infrequent transactions.

#2009-03 - Completeness of General Ledger Accounting

During 2009 we noted certain transactions that were not recorded on the Borough's general ledger and resulted in an incomplete accounting. Such transactions were capital project payments made via a checking account established for the West College Avenue and Train Station Projects as well as the General Obligation Note, Series of 2009.

Recommendation: The Borough staff should include these transactions in its general ledger accounts. These transactions should be subject to the same accounting, reconciliation, and review controls as the Borough's other transactions. Consequently, these transactions should be reflected in monthly Board reports as well as the Board's approval of check runs. Any interest and principal payments on the General Obligation Notes should be posted to the Borough's "Debt Service - Principal" and "Debt Service - Interest" accounts.

SCHEDULE of FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit (Continued)

Significant Deficiency (Continued)

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with the finding. Borough staff recognizes that certain transactions for special projects of a temporary nature, such as the West College Avenue and Train Station Projects, were recorded in the documents for their respective accounts, but were not included in the general ledger accounts. Such transactions will be recorded in the Borough's general ledger accounts and approved in monthly board reports. This action was addressed beginning with the January 2010 board meeting. Borough staff will prepare the appropriate postings for these transactions from January 2010.

Significant Deficiency

#2009-04 - Segregation of Duties

Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help to detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. Although the size of the Borough's staff prohibits complete adherence to this concept, we believe that the following practices could be implemented to improve existing internal control without impairing efficiency:

- The accountant prepares the bank reconciliation for each account. The Borough manager should review the monthly bank reconciliation.
- The Borough implemented a new utility billing software. Two Borough employees are posting
 receipts to customer accounts and maintaining customer accounts. Both employees can post payments
 and adjustments. The Borough should evaluate how customer account adjustments can be captured in
 a report that should be reviewed periodically by the Borough Manager to increase internal controls
 over customer account adjustments.
- Internal controls performed by Borough staff should be properly documented by sign-offs and dating. Examples are the documentation of approval of invoices and bank reconciliations.

We recognize that adequate segregation of duties is not always possible in a small organization. In these circumstances management's knowledge and involvement in matters relating to the Borough's operations, including those of an accounting nature, are especially important.

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with this finding. The Borough staff has historically performed several measures for internal control, such as requiring two signatures on checks, numbering extra service trash tags for sale and maintaining a detailed list of the tags sold, review by the Borough Manager of every invoice for payment and payroll summaries, and listing the bills payable each month for approval on the Borough Council public meeting agenda. The Borough does recognize that, although we function with a small staff, additional controls can be implemented.

SCHEDULE of FINDINGS and QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

B. Findings - Financial Statements Audit (Continued)

Significant Deficiency (Continued)

Our plan of action includes the following activities.

- The Borough Manager will review the monthly bank reconciliations beginning with January 2010 bank statements.
- The Borough Manager will include a written sign-off for documentation including bank reconciliations and each invoice presented for payment, and will continue to provide this documentation for payroll time sheets and payroll summary reports.
- A report summarizing all adjustments and reversals on customer accounts will be created and reviewed by the Borough Manager each month.
- C. Findings and Questioned Costs Major Federal Awards Programs Audit

None

Borough of ElizabethtownSUMMARY SCHEDULE of PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended December 31, 2009

There are no prior audit findings.



JOFFECTIVE ACTION Flan

January 29, 2010

United States Department of Transportation (oversight agency for this audit)

The Borough of Elizabethtown respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Trout, Ebersole and Groff, LLP Certified Public Accountants 1705 Oregon Pike Lancaster, Pennsylvania 17601

Audit period: January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009

The findings from the December 31, 2009 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

FINDINGS- FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weaknesses

#2009-01 - Preparation of Financial Statements

The Borough has designated an employee responsible to oversee Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLP's preparation of the financial statements. The Borough has assumed responsibility for evaluating the adequacy and results of the financial statements and accepted responsibility for them. However, the Borough staff does not possess the expertise to prepare the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements for the Borough of Elizabethtown in conformity with the cash basis of accounting.

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Borough Response: The Borough concurs with the finding.

Corrective Action Plan:

The Borough staff is qualified to manage the financial activities of regular Borough business. However, as is similar with other small municipalities, the staff does not possess the expertise to prepare the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. It is not anticipated that the Borough will have the resources to employ an individual with such expertise on a full-time basis. The Borough contracts with Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLP on an annual basis to perform this function. A Borough employee is designated to oversee the preparation of the financial statements by the third-party.

#2009-02 - Accounting for Other Financing Sources and Uses

Certain receipts and disbursements in the Other Financing Sources and Uses category of the Borough's financial statements occur infrequently. The staff is not experienced in the accounting treatment of these transactions and resulted in audit adjustments. During the audit we proposed adjusting entries related to the payment of the 2002 Lease Rental Debt and transfer in from the Elizabethtown Area Park.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Borough staff research the accounting for infrequent transactions. We are also available to provide guidance.

Borough's Response:

The Borough concurs with the finding.

Corrective Action Plan:

Borough staff will work with Trout, Ebersole & Groff, LLC to research and implement an accounting system for infrequent transactions.

#2009-03 - Completeness of General Ledger Accounting

During 2009 we noted certain transactions that were not recorded on the Borough's general ledger and resulted in an incomplete accounting. Such transactions were capital project payments made via a checking account established for the West College Avenue and Train Station Projects as well as the General Obligation Note, Series of 2009.

Recommendation: The Borough staff should include these transactions in its general ledger accounts. These transactions should be subject to the same accounting, reconciliation, and review controls as the Borough's other transactions. Consequently, these transactions should be reflected in monthly board reports as well as the Board's approval of check runs. Any interest and principal payments on the

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General Obligation notes should be posted to the Borough's "Debt Service – Principal" and "Debt Service – Interest" accounts.

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with the finding.

Corrective Action Plan:

Borough staff recognizes that certain transactions for special projects of a temporary nature, such as the West College Avenue and Train Station Projects, were recorded in the documents for their respective accounts, but were not included in the general ledger accounts. Such transactions will be recorded in the Borough's general ledger accounts and approved in monthly board reports. This action was addressed beginning with the January 2010 board meeting. Borough staff will prepare the appropriate postings for these transactions from January 2010.

Significant Deficiency

#2009-04 - Segregation of Duties

Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help to detect losses from employee dishonesty or error. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. Although the size of the Borough's staff prohibits complete adherence to this concept, we believe that the following practices could be implemented to improve existing internal control without impairing efficiency:

- The accountant prepares the bank reconciliation for each account. The Borough manager should review the monthly bank reconciliation.
- The Borough implemented a new utility billing software. Two Borough employees are posting receipts to customer accounts and maintaining customer accounts. Both employees can post payments and adjustments. The Borough should evaluate how customer account adjustments can be captured in a report that should be reviewed periodically by the Borough Manager to increase internal controls over customer account adjustments.
- Internal controls performed by Borough staff should be properly documented by sign-offs and dating.
 Examples are the documentation of approval of invoices and bank reconciliations.

We recognize that adequate segregation of duties is not always possible in a small organization. In these circumstances management's knowledge and involvement in matters relating to the Borough's operations, including those of an accounting nature, are especially important.

Borough Response: The Borough concurs with this finding.

Corrective Action Plan:

The Borough staff has historically performed several measures for internal control, such as requiring two signatures on checks, numbering extra service trash tags for sale and maintaining a detailed list of the tags

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sold, review by the Borough Manager of every invoice for payment and payroll summaries, and listing the bills payable each month for approval on the Borough Council public meeting agenda. The Borough does recognize that, although we function with a small staff, additional controls can be implemented. Our plan of action includes the following activities.

- The Borough Manager will review the monthly bank reconciliations beginning with January 2010 bank statements.
- The Borough Manager will include a written sign-off for documentation including bank reconciliations and each invoice presented for payment, and will continue to provide this documentation for payroll time sheets and payroll summary reports.
- A report summarizing all adjustments and reversals on customer accounts will be created and reviewed by the Borough Manager each month.

If the United States Department of Transportation has questions regarding this plan, please call Roni Ryan, Borough Manager, at (717) 367-1700.

Sincerely Yours,

Roni Ryan

Borough Manager, Borough of Elizabethtown